

Crystal field simulation and NMR study of ^{19}F in a EuF_3 Van Vleck paramagnet

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Abstract

© 2015 AIP Publishing LLC. The temperature dependence of the nuclear spin-lattice relaxation rate of ^{19}F nuclei is measured for a powder sample of a EuF_3 Van Vleck paramagnet, in a broad temperature range (55-300K). The increase in the nuclear relaxation rate observed at $T < 100\text{K}$ is caused by fluctuations in the magnetic fields, induced at the fluorine nuclei by the magnetic moments of the europium ions, the lifetime of which is determined by a two-phonon relaxation process with input from the first excited state of the electron shell of Eu^{3+} ions ($\Delta_1 \approx 370\text{K}$). The set of crystal field parameters allowing for a satisfactory description of the electron energy spectrum of the Eu^{3+} ions in the EuF_3 crystal, is calculated within the framework of the semi-phenomenological exchange charge model.

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